SuperStack® 3
Switch 4400
Getting Started Guide

3C17203
3C17204
3C17206

http://www.3com.com/

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REGULATORY NOTICES
ABOUT THIS GUIDE

This guide provides all the information you need to install and use a SuperStack® 3 Switch 4400 in its default state.

This guide is intended for use with Switch 4400 models:

■ 3C17203 and 3C17206 — 24 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX ports
■ 3C17204 — 48 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX ports

All procedures described in this guide apply to all models.

The guide is intended for use by network administrators who are responsible for installing and setting up network equipment; consequently, it assumes a basic working knowledge of LANs (Local Area Networks).

If the information in the release notes that are shipped with your product differ from the information in this guide, follow the instructions in the release notes.

Most user guides and release notes are available in Adobe Acrobat Reader Portable Document Format (PDF) or HTML on the 3Com World Wide Web site:

http://www.3com.com/
Conventions

Table 1 and Table 2 list conventions that are used throughout this guide.

Table 1  Notice Icons

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Icon</th>
<th>Notice Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Information note]</td>
<td>Information note</td>
<td>Information that describes important features or instructions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Caution]</td>
<td>Caution</td>
<td>Information that alerts you to potential loss of data or potential damage to an application, system, or device</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>![Warning]</td>
<td>Warning</td>
<td>Information that alerts you to potential personal injury</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2  Text Conventions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Convention</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Screen displays</td>
<td>This typeface represents information as it appears on the screen.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Syntax | The word “syntax” means that you must evaluate the syntax provided and then supply the appropriate values for the placeholders that appear in angle brackets. Example: To change your password, use the following syntax: 

```
system password <password>
```

In this example, you must supply a password for <password>. |
| Commands | The word “command” means that you must enter the command exactly as shown and then press Return or Enter. Commands appear in bold. Example: To display port information, enter the following command: 

```
bridge port detail
```

The words “enter” and “type” When you see the word “enter” in this guide, you must type something, and then press Return or Enter. Do not press Return or Enter when an instruction simply says “type.” |
| Keyboard key names | If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+). Example: Press Ctrl+Alt+Del |
| Words in italics | Italics are used to: |
| | ■ Emphasize a point. |
| | ■ Denote a new term at the place where it is defined in the text. |
| | ■ Identify menu names, menu commands, and software button names. Examples: From the Help menu, select Contents. Click OK. |
Related Documentation

In addition to this guide, each Switch documentation set includes the following:

- **SuperStack 3 Switch Implementation Guide**
  This guide contains information on the features supported by your Switch and how they can be used to optimize your network. It is supplied in PDF format on the CD-ROM that accompanies the Switch.

- **SuperStack 3 Switch Management Quick Reference Guide**
  This guide contains a summary of the web interface and command line interface commands for the Switch.

- **SuperStack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide**
  This guide provides detailed information about the web interface and command line interface that enable you to manage the Switch. It is supplied in HTML format on the CD-ROM that accompanies the Switch.

- **Release Notes**
  These notes provide information about the current software release, including new features, modifications, and known problems.

There are other publications you may find useful, such as:

- Documentation accompanying the Advanced Redundant Power system.
- Documentation accompanying the Expansion Modules.
- Documentation accompanying 3Com Network Supervisor. This is supplied on the CD-ROM that accompanies the Switch.

Accessing Online Documentation

The CD-ROM supplied with your Switch contains the following online documentation:

- **SuperStack 3 Switch Implementation Guide** (PDF format)
- **SuperStack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide** (HTML format).

1 To access the documentation insert the CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive. If your PC has auto-run enabled, a splash screen will be displayed automatically.

2 Select the Documentation section from the contents page.
If the online documentation is to be accessed from a local drive or server, you will need to access the CD-ROM contents via the root directory and copy the files from the CD-ROM to a suitable directory.

- The HTML Reference Guide is stored in the Docs/reference directory on the CD-ROM. The documentation is accessed using the contents.htm file.
- The PDF Implementation Guide is stored in the Docs/implementation directory of the CD-ROM.

3Com recommends that you copy the Docs/reference directory as a whole to maintain the structure of the files.

**Product Registration**
You can register your SuperStack 3 Switch 4400 on the 3Com Web site:
http://support.3com.com/registration/frontpg.pl

**Documentation Comments**
Your suggestions are very important to us. They will help make our documentation more useful to you. Please e-mail comments about this document to 3Com at:
pddtechpubs_comments@3com.com

Please include the following information when commenting:
- Document title
- Document part number (on the title page)
- Page number (if appropriate)

Example:
Part Number DUA 1720-3AAA0x
SuperStack 3 Switch 4400 Getting Started Guide
Page 21
1 INTRODUCING THE SUPERSTACK 3 SWITCH 4400

This chapter contains introductory information about the Switch 4400 and how it can be used in your network. It covers summaries of hardware and software features and also the following topics:

- About the Switch 4400
- Switch 4400 — Front View Detail
- Switch 4400 — Rear View Detail
- Default Settings
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCING THE SUPERSTACK 3 SWITCH 4400

About the Switch 4400

The Switch 4400 is a stackable 10/100 Mbps device and provides high-performance work groups with a backbone to server connection. The Switch 4400 allows Cascade, Gigabit Ethernet or Fast Ethernet Fiber connections when expansion modules are installed in the expansion slots on the rear of the unit. You can also add the Switch 4400 to any SuperStack® system as your network grows.

Summary of Hardware Features

Table 3 summarizes the hardware features that are supported by the Switch 4400.

Table 3  Hardware features

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Switch 4400</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Addresses</td>
<td>■ Up to 8000 supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ Up to 64 permanent entries</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Auto-negotiation</td>
<td>■ Supported on all ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ Auto MDI/MDI-X</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forwarding Modes</td>
<td>Store and Forward</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplex Modes</td>
<td>Half and full duplex on all front panel ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow Control</td>
<td>In full duplex operation all ports are supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smart Auto-sensing</td>
<td>Supported on all ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Traffic Prioritization</td>
<td>Supported (IEEE 802.ID): 4 queues per port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethernet and Fast Ethernet</td>
<td>Auto-negotiating 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ports</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RPS Support</td>
<td>Connects to SuperStack 3 Advanced Redundant Power System (ARPS) (3C16071B)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mounting</td>
<td>19-inch rack or stand-alone mounting</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
About the Switch 4400

Table 4 summarizes the software features that are supported by the Switch 4400.

### Table 4  Software features

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Switch 4400</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Automatic IP Configuration</td>
<td>Supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Resilient Links</td>
<td>Supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggregated Links</td>
<td>Supported stack-wide</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broadcast Storm Control</td>
<td>Supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virtual LANs (VLANs)</td>
<td>Support for up to 60 VLANs using the IEEE 802.1Q standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multicast Filtering</td>
<td>■ 128 Multicast filter groups supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>■ IGMP filtering supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spanning Tree Protocol (802.1D-1998)</td>
<td>Supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roving Analysis Port</td>
<td>Supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (802.1w)</td>
<td>Supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Webcache Support</td>
<td>Supported*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of Service (QoS)</td>
<td>Supported*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RMON</td>
<td>Four groups supported: Statistics, History, Alarms, Event</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email Notification of Events</td>
<td>Supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Management</td>
<td>Web interface, command line interface, and SNMP supported</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port Security</td>
<td>Disconnect Unauthorized Device (DUD) supported</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Webcache support and Quality of Service (QoS) are not available on the SuperStack 3 Switch 4400 SE unless the product has been upgraded to the 4400 enhanced feature set.

For information about managing the software features of the Switch, refer to the “SuperStack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide” on the CD-ROM that accompanies the Switch.
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCING THE SUPERSTACK 3 SWITCH 4400

Switch 4400 — Front View Detail

Figure 1  Switch 4400 / 4400 SE — front view 1

The appearance of the overlays in Figure 1 and Figure 2 differ but the functionality is identical for both Switches.

Figure 2  Switch 4400 / 4400 SE — front view 2
**WARNING:** RJ-45 Ports. These are shielded RJ-45 data sockets. They cannot be used as standard traditional telephone sockets, or to connect the unit to a traditional PBX or public telephone network. Only connect RJ-45 data connectors, network telephony systems, or network telephones to these sockets.

Either shielded or unshielded data cables with shielded or unshielded jacks can be connected to these data sockets.

**10BASE-T/100BASE-TX Ports**

The Switch has 24 or 48 auto-negotiating 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX ports configured as Auto MDIX (cross-over). These ports automatically provide the appropriate connection. Alternatively, you can manually set these ports to 10BASE-T half duplex, 10BASE-T full duplex, 100BASE-TX half duplex or 100BASE-TX full duplex. The maximum segment length is 100 m (328 ft) over Category 5 twisted pair cable.

**LEDs**

Table 5 lists LEDs visible on the front of the Switch, and how to read their status according to color. For information on using the LEDs for problem solving, see "Solving Problems Indicated by LEDs" on page 48.
### Table 5  LED behavior

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LED</th>
<th>Color</th>
<th>Indicates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Port Status LEDs</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packet</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>Full duplex packets are being transmitted/received on the port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>Half duplex packets are being transmitted/received on the port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>No packets are being transmitted/received on the port.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Status</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>A high speed (100 Mbps) link is present, and the port is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Green flashing</td>
<td>A high speed (100 Mbps) link is present, but the port is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>A low speed (10 Mbps) link is present, and the port is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Yellow flashing</td>
<td>A low speed (10 Mbps) link is present, but the port is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Off</td>
<td>No link is present.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Module Packet LEDs</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td></td>
<td>Full duplex activity being received or transmitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td></td>
<td>Half duplex activity being received or transmitted</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td></td>
<td>No activity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Module Status LEDs</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td></td>
<td>The Module is installed and supported. The Link Status has been determined, and the port is enabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Green flashing</td>
<td></td>
<td>The Module is installed and supported. The Link Status has been determined, but the port is disabled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td></td>
<td>The Module is installed and supported. The Link status has not been determined or there is no Link for a single port Module.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow flashing</td>
<td></td>
<td>A Module is installed, however, it is not supported.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td></td>
<td>The Module is not installed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Unit LEDs</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1–8</td>
<td>Green</td>
<td>When the Switch forms a stack with other Switch 4400 units, the LED indicates the position of the unit in the stack and that a link is present.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>When the Switch is stand-alone and not part of a stack, LED 1 is on.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
When a software upgrade is in progress, the Unit LEDs of the unit that is being upgraded flash on and off in the following sequence —

1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 7, 5, 3 (24-port)
1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 7, 6, 5 (48-port)

The Switch physically forms a stack with other Switch 4400 units, but cannot be managed as part of that stack until all units have been upgraded to software version 2.0 or later.

A fault has occurred.

The Switch is powered-up and operating normally.

The Switch is either downloading software or is initializing (which includes running a Power On Self Test).

The Switch has failed its Power On Self Test.

The Switch is not receiving power or there is a fault with the Power Supply Unit.
The appearance of the Switches shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2 differ but the functionality is identical for both Switches.

**Power Socket**
The Switch automatically adjusts its power setting to any supply voltage in the range 90-260 VAC.

**Redundant Power System Socket**
To protect against internal power supply failure, you can use this socket to connect a Switch 4400 to a SuperStack 3 Advanced Redundant Power System (RPS). See “Connecting a Redundant Power System” on page 27.

**Console Port**
The console port allows you to connect a terminal and perform remote or local out-of-band management. The console port uses a standard null modem cable and is set to auto-baud, 8 data bits, no parity and 1 stop bit.

**Expansion Module Slots**
You can use these slots to install Expansion Modules. These allow the Switch to support various forms of connection and add extra functionality to your Switch. Contact your supplier for more information.

**WARNING:** When an Expansion Module is not installed, ensure the blanking plate is fitted by tightening all screws with a suitable tool.
### Default Settings

**Table 6** shows the default settings for the Switch 4400:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Switch 4400</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Automatic IP Configuration</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port Status</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Port Speed</td>
<td>10/100 Mbps ports are auto-negotiated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Duplex Mode</td>
<td>All fixed 10BASE-T and 100BASE-TX ports are auto-negotiated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flow Control</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Enabled in half duplex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Auto-negotiated in full duplex</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Broadcast Storm Control</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Virtual LANs (VLANs)</td>
<td>All ports belong to the untagged Default VLAN (VLAN 1) with 802.1Q learning operational</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP Multicast Filtering</td>
<td>Filtering enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Fast Start:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Enabled on front panel ports</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Disabled on rear panel port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RMON Alarm</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Smart Auto-Sensing</td>
<td>Enabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Webcache Support</td>
<td>Disabled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Quality of Service (QoS)</td>
<td>All ports prioritize NBX VoIP traffic (LAN and IP). All ports set to “best effort” for all other traffic.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Webcache support and Quality of Service (QoS) are not available on the SuperStack 3 Switch 4400 SE unless the product has been upgraded to the 4400 enhanced feature set.**

If you initialize a Switch unit by selecting `System > Control > Initialize` in the Web interface or by entering `system control initialize` in the Command Line Interface, the following settings are retained to allow you to connect to and manage the Switch:

- IP Address
- Subnet Mask
- Default Router
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCING THE SUPERSTACK 3 SWITCH 4400
2 INSTALLING THE SWITCH

This chapter contains the information you need to install and set up the Switch 4400. It covers the following topics:

■ Package Contents
■ Choosing a Suitable Site
■ Rack-mounting
■ Placing Units On Top of Each Other
■ The Power-up Sequence

WARNING: Safety Information. Before installing or removing any components from the Switch 4400 or carrying out any maintenance procedures, you must read the safety information provided in Appendix A of this guide.

AVERTISSEMENT: Consignes de sécurité. Avant d’installer ou d’enlever tout composant du Switch 4400 ou d’entamer une procédure de maintenance, lisez les informations relatives à la sécurité qui se trouvent dans l’Appendice A de ce guide.

VORSICHT: Sicherheitsinformationen. Bevor Sie Komponenten aus dem Switch 4400 entfernen oder dem Switch 4400 hinzufügen oder Instandhaltungsarbeiten verrichten, lesen Sie die Sicherheitsanweisungen, die in Appendix A (Anhang A) in diesem Handbuch aufgeführt sind.
CHAPTER 2: INSTALLING THE SWITCH

Package Contents

- Switch unit
- CD-ROM
- Getting Started Guide (this guide)
- Management Quick Reference Guide
- Release Notes
- Unit Information Labels
- Warranty Information
- Power Cord
- 2 x Mounting brackets
- 4 x Screws
- 4 x Rubber feet

Choosing a Suitable Site

The Switch is suited for use on a desktop, either free standing or mounted in a standard 19-inch equipment rack. Alternatively, the Switch can be mounted in a wiring closet or equipment room, as an aggregator for other Hubs and Switches. A rack-mounting kit containing two mounting brackets is supplied with the Switch.

**CAUTION:** Ensure that the ventilation holes are not obstructed.

When deciding where to position the Switch, ensure that:

- Cabling is located away from:
  - sources of electrical noise such as radios, transmitters and broadband amplifiers.
  - power lines and fluorescent lighting fixtures
- The Switch is accessible and cables can be connected easily.
- Water or moisture cannot enter the case of the Switch.
- Air-flow is not restricted around the Switch or through the vents in the side of the Switch. 3Com recommends that you provide a minimum of 25mm (1in.) clearance.
- Air flow around the Switch does not exceed 40 °C (104 °F).

*If the Switch is installed in a 19-inch rack or closed assembly its local air temperature may be greater than room ambient temperature.*
Rack-mounting

■ The air is as free from dust as possible.
■ The unit is installed in a clean, air conditioned environment.
■ No more than eight Switch units are placed on top of one another, if the units are free-standing.
■ The Switch is situated away from sources of conductive (electrical) dust, for example laser printers.
■ The AC supply used by the Switch is separate to that used by units that generate high levels of AC noise, for example air conditioning units and laser printers.

Rack-mounting

The Switch 4400 is 1U high and will fit in most standard 19-inch racks.

**CAUTION:** Disconnect all cables from the Switch before continuing. Remove all self adhesive pads from the underside of the Switch if they have been fitted.

To rack-mount your Switch:

1. Place the Switch the right way up on a hard flat surface, with the front facing towards you.
2. Locate a mounting bracket over the mounting holes on one side of the Switch, as shown in Figure 6.
3 Insert the two screws and tighten with a suitable screwdriver. **You must use the screws supplied with the mounting brackets. Damage caused to the unit by using incorrect screws invalidates your warranty.**

4 Repeat steps 2 and 3 for the other side of the Switch.

5 Insert the Switch into the 19-inch rack and secure with suitable screws (not provided). Ensure that ventilation holes are not obstructed.

6 Connect network cabling.

7 Finally place a unit information label on the unit in an easily accessible position. The unit information label shows the following:

- The 3Com product name of the Switch
- The 3Com 3C number of the Switch
- The unique MAC address (Ethernet address) of the Switch
- The serial number of the Switch

You may need this information for fault reporting purposes.
Placing Units On Top of Each Other

If the Switch units are free-standing, up to eight units can be placed one on top of the other. If you are mixing a variety of SuperStack® 3 Switch and Hub units, the smaller units must be positioned at the top.

If you are placing Switch units one on top of the other, you must use the self-adhesive rubber pads supplied. Apply the pads to the underside of each Switch, sticking one in the marked area at each corner. Place the Switch units on top of each other, ensuring that the pads of the upper unit line up with the recesses of the lower unit.

Stacking Units

Switch 4400 units can be stacked together and then treated as a single manageable unit with one IP address. Any combination of 24-port and 48-port units is allowed in a single stack, as long as the total number of front panel ports does not exceed the limit of 192 ports. The following combinations are allowed:

- 4 x 48-port Switches
- 3 x 48-port Switches and 2 x 24-port Switches
- 2 x 48-port Switches and 4 x 24-port Switches
- 1 x 48-port Switch and 6 x 24-port Switches
- 8 x 24-port Switches

Using the Expansion Module slot at the rear of the Switch, you can stack Switch units together in two ways:

- The SuperStack 3 Switch Cascade Stacking Kit (3C17227) consists of two Cascade Modules and a Cascade Cable. This kit allows you to connect two Switch 4400 units together.
- The SuperStack 3 Cascade Extender Kit (3C17228) consists of one Cascade Module, one Cascade Cable and one Cascade Extender Unit. This kit allows you to connect any of the combinations of Switch 4400 units shown in “Stacking Units” on page 25. Each Cascade Extender Kit enables you to add one additional Switch to your stack.

For more information contact your supplier, and refer to the user documentation that accompanies these Cascade Kits.

**CAUTION:** The SuperStack 3 Switch 4400 SE cannot be stacked with non-SE Switches unless you are running the 4400 enhanced feature set.
3Com recommends that you initialize a Switch 4400 unit that has previously been used elsewhere in your network before you add it to an existing stack. If you do not initialize the unit, problems may be caused by conflicting Switch configurations.

When the Switch 4400s are stacked together they are assigned a unit number from bottom-to-top for management purposes. When further switches are added to the stack, they can be positioned at the bottom of the stack or at the top. Either way, the Switch management software will re-order the Switch unit numbers into a logical order again (from bottom to top).

### The Power-up Sequence

The following sections describe how to get your Switch 4400 powered-up and ready for operation.

#### Powering-up the Switch 4400

Use the following sequence of steps to power-up the Switch.

1. Plug the power cord into the power socket at the rear of the Switch.
2. Plug the other end of the power cord into your power outlet.

The Switch powers-up and runs through its Power On Self Test (POST), which takes approximately 10 seconds.

#### Checking for Correct Operation of LEDs

During the Power On Self Test, all ports on the Switch are disabled and the LEDs light in a set sequence.

When the POST has completed, check the Power/Self Test LED to make sure that your Switch is operating correctly. Table 7 shows possible colors for the LED.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Color</th>
<th>State</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Green</td>
<td>The Switch is powered-up and operating normally.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow</td>
<td>The Switch has failed its Power On Self Test. This occurs if any of the ports fail during power-up.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Off</td>
<td>The Switch is not receiving power.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If there is evidence of a problem, see “Solving Problems Indicated by LEDs” on page 48.
Connecting a Redundant Power System

You can connect a SuperStack 3 Advanced Redundant Power System (3C16071B) to the Switch. This unit, which is also known as an RPS, is designed to maintain the power to your Switch if a power supply failure occurs.

For normal redundancy, the unit requires one Type 2A Power Module (part number 3C16074A). For full redundancy, the unit requires two type 2A Power Modules combined using a Type 2 Y-Cable.

CAUTION The Switch has no ON/OFF switch; the only method of connecting or disconnecting mains power is by connecting or disconnecting the power cord.

CAUTION: The Switch can only use a SuperStack Advanced Redundant Power System output.

Choosing the Correct Cables

All of the ports on the front of the Switch 4400 are Auto-MDIX, that is they have a cross-over capability. The port can automatically detect whether it needs to operate in MDI or MDIX mode. Therefore you can make a connection to a port with a straight-through (MDI) or a cross-over cable (MDIX).

The Auto-MDIX feature only operates when auto-negotiation is enabled.

If auto-negotiation is disabled, all the Switch ports are configured as MDIX (cross-over). If you want to make a connection to another MDIX port, you need an automatic cross-over cable. Many ports on workstations and servers are configured as MDI (straight-through). If you want to make a connection to an MDI port, you need to use a standard straight-through cable. See Table 8.

3Com recommends that you use Category 5 twisted pair cable — the maximum segment length for this type of cable is 100 m (328 ft).
CHAPTER 2: INSTALLING THE SWITCH

Table 8  Cables required to connect the Switch 4400 to other devices if auto-negotiation is disabled

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cables Required to Connect</th>
<th>Cross-over Cable</th>
<th>Straight-through Cable</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Switch to Switch</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(MDIX to MDIX)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switch to Hub</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(MDIX to MDIX)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switch to PC (NIC)</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(MDIX to MDI)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CAUTION: If you want to install the Switch using a Category 5E or Category 6 cable, 3Com recommends that you briefly connect the cable to a grounded port before connecting network equipment. If you do not, the cable's Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) may damage the Switch's port.

You can create a grounded port by connecting all wires at one end of a UTP cable to an earth ground point, and the other end to a female RJ-45 connector located, for example, on a Switch rack or patch panel. The RJ-45 connector is now a grounded port.
3

SETTING UP FOR MANAGEMENT

Your Switch can operate in its default state, that is, you can install it and it will work straight away (plug-and-play). However, to make full use of the features offered by the Switch, and to change and monitor the way it works, you have to access the management software that resides on the Switch. This is known as managing the Switch.

Managing the Switch can help you to improve the efficiency of the Switch and therefore the overall performance of your network.

This chapter explains the initial set up of the Switch and the different methods of accessing the management software to manage a Switch. It covers the following topics:

- Setting Up Overview
- Initial Switch Setup
  - Manual Setup
  - Automatic Setup
- Methods of Managing a Switch
- Setting Up Command Line Interface Management
- Setting Up Web Interface Management
- Setting Up SNMP Management
- Default Users and Passwords
CHAPTER 3: SETTING UP FOR MANAGEMENT

Setting Up Overview

This section gives an overview of what you need to do to get your Switch set up and ready for management when it is in its default state. Detailed procedural steps are contained in the sections that follow. In brief, you need to:

- Configure IP information for your Switch by completing initial Switch setup
- Prepare for your chosen method of management

**CAUTION:** To protect your Switch from unauthorized access, you must change all default passwords as soon as possible, even if you do not intend to actively manage your Switch. For more information on default users and changing default passwords, see “Default Users and Passwords” on page 46.

IP Configuration

You can use one of the following methods to allocate IP information to your Switch (essential if you wish to manage your Switch across the network).

**Manual IP Configuration**

You can choose to configure the IP information yourself. The Switch remembers the information that you enter until you change it again or set the configuration method to Automatic.

You should use the Manual IP configuration method if:

- you do not have a DHCP or BootP server on your network, or
- you want to remove the risk of the IP address ever changing, or
- it is not possible to configure the DHCP or BootP server to allocate static IP addresses (this is necessary to ensure that the Switch is always allocated the same IP address).

*For most installations, 3Com recommends that you configure the Switch manually. This makes management simpler and more reliable as it is not dependent on a DHCP or BootP server, and eliminates the risk of the IP address changing.*

If you wish to manually enter IP information for your Switch, work through the “Manual Setup” section on page 33 and connect to a front panel port or the console port to manually configure the IP information.
Automatic IP Configuration

By default the Switch tries to configure itself with IP information without requesting user intervention. It tries to obtain an IP address from a DHCP or BootP server on the network.

If neither server is found, the Switch will configure itself with an IP address in the range 169.254.1.0 to 169.254.254.255. This is known as Auto-IP and is the same mechanism used by Windows 98 and Windows 2000. IP addresses configured by Auto-IP are temporary as they cannot be routed but are useful for small networks which are not connected to other networks, or for initial configuration.

However, as soon as a DHCP or BootP server is detected, the Switch will configure itself with the IP address allocated by that server.

When using automatic IP configuration it is important that the IP address of the Switch is static, otherwise you will not know what the IP address is and it will be difficult to manage. Most DHCP and BootP servers allow static IP addresses to be configured so that you know what IP address will be allocated to the Switch. Refer to the documentation that accompanies your DHCP/BootP server.

For a detailed description of how automatic IP configuration operates, please refer to the Implementation Guide that accompanies your Switch.

You should use the automatic IP configuration method if:

- your network uses DHCP or BootP to allocate IP addresses, or
- flexibility is needed. If the Switch is re-deployed onto a different subnet, it will automatically reconfigure itself with an appropriate IP address, instead of you having to manually reconfigure the Switch.

If you use the automatic IP configuration method, you need to view the automatically allocated IP information before you can begin management. Work through the “Automatic Setup” section on page 38 and use 3Com Network Supervisor or connect to the console port to discover the automatically allocated IP information.
Preparing for Management
Once your Switch’s initial setup is complete you can set up your chosen management method as described in “Methods of Managing a Switch” on page 41.

For detailed information about the specific web interface operations and command line interface commands and problem solving, refer to the “SuperStack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide” on the CD-ROM that is supplied with the Switch.

Initial Switch Setup
Before you begin the initial setup of your Switch, you must first determine your preferred setup method. There are two setup methods:

- **Manual Setup** — You have two choices of how to configure the IP information, as shown in Table 9.
- **Automatic Setup** — Your Switch must be online, that is, connected to a network. You have two choices of how to view the allocated IP information, as shown in Table 9.

Table 9 Initial Switch Setup Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manual Setup</th>
<th>Automatic Setup</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Connecting to a front panel port</td>
<td>Using 3Com Network Supervisor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use the web interface to manually enter IP information by accessing the Switch using its default IP address 169.254.100.100.</td>
<td>Use 3Com Network Supervisor to detect the automatically allocated IP information.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connecting to the console port</td>
<td>Connecting to the console port</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use the command line interface to manually enter IP information.</td>
<td>Use the command line interface to view the automatically allocated IP information.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Manual Setup

You can set up a Switch manually in the following ways:

- Connecting to a front panel port — Connect a workstation using an Ethernet cable to a front panel port of the Switch. You can then manually enter IP information using the web interface.
- Connecting to the console port — Connect a workstation using a console cable to the console port of the Switch. You can then manually enter IP information using the command line interface (CLI).

Connecting to a Front Panel Port

To set up your Switch manually you can make a connection to a front panel port. You must do this whilst the Switch is offline, that is, before you connect the Switch to a network.

Pre-requisites

- A workstation running Windows 95/98/2000 or Windows NT.
- A Network Interface Card (NIC).
- A Category 5 twisted pair Ethernet cable with RJ-45 connectors.
- A suitable Web browser — refer to "Choosing a Browser" on page 44.
- You need to have the following so that you can manually set up the Switch with IP information:
  - IP address
  - subnet mask
  - default gateway

Connecting the Workstation to the Switch

1. Connect the workstation to a front panel port using an Ethernet cable as shown in Figure 7.

**Figure 7** Connecting a workstation to the Switch via a front panel port
To connect the cable:

a Attach an RJ-45 connector at one end of the Ethernet cable to the Network Interface Card (NIC) in the workstation.

b Connect the RJ-45 connector at the other end of the cable to one of the front panel ports on the Switch.

**Configuring the Workstation with IP Information**

You need to change the IP address and subnet mask of the workstation that you have connected to the Switch. Make a note of the existing settings so you can return to them later. Change the workstation to the following settings:

- IP address — 169.254.100.99
- Subnet mask — 255.255.255.0

**Setting Up the Switch with IP Information**

You are now ready to manually set up the Switch with IP information using the Web interface.

1. Power-up the Switch. This takes approximately one minute.

2. Open a suitable Web browser and enter 169.254.100.100 in the Location Address field. This is the default IP address that is automatically assigned to an offline unit.

   If there is no response, wait for one minute then re-enter the default IP address.

3. At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt. If you have logged on correctly, a set of Getting Started pages are displayed.

4. The Getting Started pages allow you to enter basic setup information for the Switch. Select Manual and then enter the IP address, subnet mask, and default gateway that you want the Switch to use when it is connected to the network. The final page displays a summary of the information entered.

The initial set up of your Switch is now complete and the Switch is ready for you to set up your chosen management method. See "Methods of Managing a Switch" on page 41.
Connecting to the Console Port

To set up your Switch manually you can alternatively make a connection to the console port (this example describes a local connection to the console port, rather than a remote one via a modem). You can do this whilst the Switch is offline, that is, before you connect the Switch to a network, or whilst the Switch is online, that is, connected to a network.

Pre-requisites

- A workstation with terminal emulation software installed, such as Microsoft Hyperterminal. This software allows you to communicate with the Switch via the console port directly, or through a modem.
- Documentation supplied with the terminal emulation software.
- A suitable cable:
  - A standard null modem cable — if you are connecting directly to the console port, or
  - A standard modem cable — if you are connecting to the console port using a modem.

You can find pin-out diagrams for both cables in Appendix B on page 59.

- You need to have the following so that you can manually set up the Switch with IP information:
  - IP address
  - subnet mask
  - default gateway

Connecting the Workstation to the Switch

1 Connect the workstation to the console port using a standard null modem cable as shown in Figure 8.

Figure 8 Connecting a workstation to the Switch via the console port

To connect the cable:

a Attach the female connector on the cable to the male connector on the console port of the Switch.
b  Tighten the retaining screws on the cable to prevent it from being loosened.
c  Connect the other end of the cable to one of the serial ports (also known as a COM port) on your workstation.

2  Open your terminal emulation software and configure the COM port settings to which you have connected the cable. The settings should be set to match the default settings for the Switch, which are:

- 19,200 baud
- 8 data bits
- no parity
- 1 stop bit
- no hardware flow control

Refer to the documentation that accompanies the terminal emulation software for more information.

Setting Up the Switch with IP Information

You are now ready to manually set up the Switch with IP information using the command line interface.

1  The command line interface login sequence begins as soon as the Switch detects a connection to its console port.

   If the login prompt does not begin immediately, press Return a few times until it starts.

2  At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt. If you have logged on correctly, the top-level menu of the command line interface is displayed as shown in Figure 9.
At the Select menu option prompt enter the `protocol ip basicConfig` command. At the `Enter configuration method` prompt enter `manual`. The screen prompts you to enter IP information.

3 Enter the IP address, subnet mask, and gateway IP address for the Switch. The screen displays a summary of the information entered.

4 The initial set up of your Switch is now complete and the Switch is ready for you to set up your chosen management method. See “Methods of Managing a Switch” on page 41.

If you do not intend to use the command line interface via the console port to manage the Switch, you can disconnect the serial cable and close the terminal emulator software.
Automatic Setup

You can set up the Switch automatically whilst it is connected to a network in either of the following ways:

- Using 3Com Network Supervisor — This application will auto-discover the Switch and display the automatically allocated IP information assigned to the Switch.

- Connecting to the Console Port — Connect a workstation using a console cable to the console port of the Switch. You can then view the IP information automatically assigned to the Switch using the command line interface (CLI).

Using 3Com Network Supervisor

You can use the 3Com Network Supervisor application provided on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch to discover the automatically allocated IP information.

1. Connect your Switch to the network.
2. Power-up the Switch and wait for two minutes.
3. Launch 3Com Network Supervisor and run the Auto-discovery wizard.

3Com Network Supervisor will auto-discover the new Switch and display the IP information that has been automatically allocated to the Switch.

Most DHCP and BootP servers allow static IP addresses to be configured so that you know what IP address the Switch will be given. Refer to the documentation that accompanies your DHCP or BootP server.

If your network does not have a DHCP or BootP server, 3Com Network Supervisor must be on the same subnet as the Switch, as Auto-IP addresses are non-routable.

Connecting to the Console Port

To set up your Switch automatically you can alternatively make a connection to the console port. (This example describes a local connection to the console port, rather than a remote one via a modem.)

Pre-requisites

- A workstation with terminal emulation software installed, such as Microsoft Hyperterminal. This software allows you to communicate with the Switch via the console port directly, or through a modem.

- Documentation supplied with the terminal emulation software.
A suitable cable:
- A standard null modem cable — if you are connecting directly to the console port, or
- A standard modem cable — if you are connecting to the console port using a modem.

You can find pin-out diagrams for both cables in Appendix B on page 59.

- A Category 5 twisted pair Ethernet cable with RJ-45 connectors to connect your Switch to the network.

**Connecting the Workstation to the Switch**

1. Connect the workstation to the console port using a standard null modem cable as shown in Figure 10.

   **Figure 10**  Connecting a workstation to the Switch via the console port

   To connect the cable:
   a. Attach the female connector on the cable to the male connector on the console port of the Switch.
   b. Tighten the retaining screws on the cable to prevent it from being loosened.
   c. Connect the other end of the cable to one of the serial ports (also known as a COM port) on your workstation.

2. Open your terminal emulation software and configure the COM port settings to which you have connected the cable. The settings should be set to match the default settings for the Switch, which are:
   - 19,200 baud
   - 8 data bits
   - no parity
   - 1 stop bit
   - no hardware flow control

   Refer to the documentation that accompanies the terminal emulation software for more information.
Viewing IP Information via the Console Port

You are now ready to view the automatically allocated IP information using the command line interface.

1. Connect your Switch to the network using an Ethernet cable. As soon as a network connection is made the Switch begins the automatic IP configuration process.

   The automatic IP configuration process usually completes within one minute.

   If there is no response from a DHCP server within 30 seconds, the Auto-IP configuration mechanism attempts to allocate the default IP address 169.254.100.100. If this address is not available, it then allocates an IP address in the range of 169.254.x.y (where x is in the range 1 to 254, and y is in the range 0 to 255).

2. The command line interface login sequence begins as soon as the Switch detects a connection to its console port.

   If the login prompt does not begin immediately, press Return a few times until it starts.

3. At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt. If you have logged on correctly, the top-level menu of the command line interface is displayed as shown in the example in Figure 11.

Figure 11  Example top-level command line interface menu

```
Menu options: ---------------------------3Com SuperStack 3 Switch 4-----------
bridge         - Administer bridge-wide parameters
feature        - Administer system features
logout         - Logout of the Command Line Interface
physicalInterface         - Administer physical interfaces
protocol        - Administer protocols
security        - Administer security
system          - Administer system-level functions
trafficManagement - Administer traffic management
Type ? for help
```

Select menu option: [ ]

4. At the Select menu option prompt enter the protocol ip interface summary command. At the Select IP interfaces prompt enter all. A summary of the automatically allocated IP information is displayed. Make a note of the Network IP Address.
The initial set up of your Switch is now complete and the Switch is ready for you to set up your chosen management method. See “Methods of Managing a Switch” on page 41.

If you do not intend to use the command line interface via the console port to manage the Switch, you can disconnect the serial cable and close the terminal emulator software.

Methods of Managing a Switch

Once you have completed the initial set up of your Switch, you can decide how you wish to manage the Switch. You can use one of the following methods:

- Command line interface management
- Web interface management
- SNMP management

Command Line Interface Management

Each Switch has a command line interface (CLI) that allows you to manage the Switch from a workstation, either locally via a console port connection (see Figure 12), or remotely over the network (see Figure 13).

Figure 12  CLI management via the console port

Figure 13  CLI management over the network

Refer to “Setting Up Command Line Interface Management” on page 43.
CHAPTER 3: SETTING UP FOR MANAGEMENT

Web Interface Management  Each Switch has an internal set of web pages that allow you to manage the Switch using a Web browser remotely over an IP network (see Figure 14).

**Figure 14** Web interface management over the network

Refer to “Setting Up Web Interface Management” on page 44.

SNMP Management  You can manage a Switch using any network management workstation running the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) as shown in Figure 15. For example, you can use the 3Com Network Supervisor software that is provided on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch.

**Figure 15** SNMP management over the network

Refer to “Setting Up SNMP Management” on page 45.
Setting Up Command Line Interface Management

This section describes how you can set up command line interface management using a local console port connection or over the network.

CLI Management via the Console Port

To manage a Switch using the command line interface via the local console port connection:

1. Ensure you have connected your workstation to the console port correctly as described in "Connecting to the Console Port" on page 35.
2. Your Switch is now ready to continue being managed and/or configured through the CLI via its console port.

CLI Management over the Network

To manage a Switch using the command line interface over a network using Telnet:

1. Ensure you have already set up the Switch with IP information as described in "Initial Switch Setup" on page 32.
2. Check that you have the IP protocol correctly installed on your management workstation. You can check this by trying to browse the World Wide Web. If you can browse, the IP protocol is installed.
3. Check you can communicate with the Switch by entering a ping command at the DOS prompt in the following format:
   c:\ ping xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
   (where xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx is the IP address of the Switch)
   If you get an error message, check that your IP information has been entered correctly and the Switch is powered up.
4. To open a Telnet session via the DOS prompt, enter the IP address of the Switch that you wish to manage in the following format:
   >telnet xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
   (where xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx is the IP address of the Switch)
   If opening a Telnet session via third party software you will need to enter the IP address in the format suitable for that software.
5. At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt (or the password of your choice if you have already modified the default passwords).
If the login prompt does not display immediately, press Return a few times until it starts.

If you have logged on correctly, the top-level menu of the command line interface for the Switch you wish to manage is displayed as shown in Figure 9 on page 37.

Setting Up Web Interface Management

This section describes how you can set up web interface management over the network.

Pre-requisites
- Ensure you have already set up the Switch with IP information as described in “Initial Switch Setup” on page 32.
- Ensure that the Switch is connected to the network using a Category 5 twisted pair Ethernet cable with RJ-45 connectors.
- A suitable Web browser.

Choosing a Browser
To display the web interface correctly, use one of the following Web browsers:
- Netscape Navigator® version 4.5, 4.6, or 4.7.
- Microsoft Internet Explorer version 4.0, 5.0, or 5.5.

For the browser to operate the web interface correctly, JavaScript™ and Cascading Style Sheets must be enabled on your browser. These features are enabled on a browser by default. You will only need to enable them if you have changed your browser settings.

Web Management Over the Network
To manage a Switch using the web interface over an IP network:

1. Check that you have the IP protocol correctly installed on your management workstation. You can check this by trying to browse the World Wide Web. If you can browse, the IP protocol is installed.

2. Check you can communicate with the Switch by entering a **ping** command at the DOS prompt in the following format:
   
   ```
   c:\ ping xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx
   ```
   (where xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx is the IP address of the Switch)
If you get an error message, check that your IP information has been entered correctly and the Switch is powered up.

3 Open your web browser and enter the IP address of the Switch that you wish to manage in the URL locator, for example, in the following format:

http:// xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx

4 At the login and password prompts, enter admin as your user name and press Return at the password prompt (or the password of your choice if you have already modified the default passwords).

5 Click on the Device View button to display the web management options.

Setting Up SNMP Management

Any network management application running the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) can manage a Switch if:

■ The correct Management Information Bases (MIBs) are installed on the management workstation.

■ The management workstation is connected to the Switch using a port in VLAN 1 (the Default VLAN). By default, all ports on the Switch are in VLAN 1.

You can use the 3Com Network Supervisor application that is provided on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch to provide SNMP management for your Switch. If you use 3Com Network Supervisor it automatically loads the correct MIBs and necessary files onto your workstation.

Pre-requisites

■ Documentation supplied with the SNMP network management application software.

To manage your Switch using an SNMP network management application, you need to specify SNMP community strings for the users defined on the Switch. You can do this using the command line interface system management snmp community command — refer to the command line interface section of the “SuperStack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide” for more information.
CHAPTER 3: SETTING UP FOR MANAGEMENT

Default Users and Passwords

If you intend to manage the Switch using the web interface or the command line interface, or to change the default passwords, you need to log in with a valid user name and password. The Switch has three default user names, and each user name has a different password and level of access. These default users are listed in Table 10.

**CAUTION:** To protect your Switch from unauthorized access, you must change all default passwords as soon as possible, even if you do not intend to actively manage your Switch.

### Table 10  Default Users

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User Name</th>
<th>Default Password</th>
<th>Access Level</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>monitor</td>
<td>monitor</td>
<td>monitor — the user can view all manageable parameters, except special/security features, but cannot change any manageable parameters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>manager</td>
<td>manager</td>
<td>manager — the user can access and change the operational parameters but not special/security features</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>admin</td>
<td>(no password)</td>
<td>security — the user can access and change all manageable parameters</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Use the admin default user name (no password) to login and carry out initial Switch setup.

Changing Default Passwords

You can change the default passwords using either:

- The `security device user modify` command on the CLI, or

For more information about default users and passwords, refer to the “Superstack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide” on the Switch CD-ROM.
This chapter helps you to diagnose and solve problems you may have with the operation of your Switch. There is also an explanation of IP addressing.

The topics covered are:
- Solving Problems Indicated by LEDs
- Solving Hardware Problems
- Solving Communication Problems
- Solving Software Upgrade Problems

If you experience a problem that is not listed here, it may be included in the support section of the Superstack 3 Switch Management Interface Reference Guide on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch.

For Technical Support information, see Appendix D.
CHAPTER 4: PROBLEM SOLVING

Solving Problems Indicated by LEDs

If the LEDs on the Switch indicate a problem, refer to the list of suggested solutions below.

The Power LED does not light

Check that the power cable is firmly connected to the Switch and to the supply outlet. If the connection is secure and there is still no power, you may have a faulty power cord or an internal fault. Firstly, check the power cord by:

- testing it in another device
- connecting a working power cord to the ‘problem’ device

then contact your supplier for advice.

On powering-up, the Power/Self Test LED lights yellow

The Switch unit has failed its Power On Self Test (POST) because of an internal problem. The fault type will be indicated on the unit LEDs. Contact your supplier for advice.

A link is connected and yet the Status LED for the port does not light

Check that:

- The Switch and the device at the other end of the link (or cable) are connected securely.
- The devices at both ends of the link are powered-up
- The quality of cable is satisfactory
- Auto-negotiation settings are the same at both ends.

Auto-negotiation problems will occur with 10BASE-T or 100BASE-T where auto-negotiation is disabled and incorrect cables are being used (cross-over or straight)

Auto-negotiation problems will occur with fiber if:

- The Receiver (RX) and Transceiver (TX) cable connectors are swapped
- Fibers are broken
- Auto-negotiation differs at either end (a link appears at the ‘fixed’ end and not at the auto-negotiation end)
The Unit LED is flashing green
The Switch unit physically forms a stack with other Switch 4400 units, but cannot be managed as part of that stack because one or more units have not been upgraded to software version 2.0 or later. You must upgrade each unit in the stack to this software version, which is available on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch.

Solving Hardware Problems

In the rare event of your Switch unit experiencing a hardware failure, refer to the list of suggested solutions below.

An expansion module is installed and the unit will not power up
Ensure that the expansion module is fully seated in the slot and the connectors are engaged so that the securing screws can be tightened.

An SNMP fan fail trap is received
1 Power off the unit.
2 Check that the air vents are not obstructed.
3 Power cycle the unit. To do this, remove and reconnect the AC mains supply. If the unit has no AC main supply, remove and reconnect the DC RPS supply.
4 If a further fan fail trap is received, return the unit.

Unit fails, no SNMP fan fail trap is received
1 Power cycle the unit. To do this, remove and reconnect the AC mains supply. If the unit has no AC mains supply, remove and reconnect the DC RPS supply.
2 Check the command line interface (system summary command) to determine whether a thermal shutdown has occurred.
3 If no, return the unit:
   If yes, check that:
   ■ The air vents are not obstructed.
   ■ The ambient temperatures and environmental conditions meet those specified in Appendix C.
4 Power cycle the unit. If a further thermal shutdown occurs, and all environmental conditions are satisfactory, return the unit to 3Com.
Solving Communication Problems

If you experience communication problems with the Switch, ensure that:
- The Switch IP address has been configured as described in Chapter 3.
- If the Switch is separated from your management application by a router, ensure that the default gateway IP address within the Switch is the same as the IP address of the router.
- The Switch’s IP address has been entered correctly in your network management application (such as 3Com Network Supervisor).

The following is a brief overview of IP addressing, and how to obtain a registered IP address.

**IP Addressing**

To be managed correctly, each device on your network (for example a Switch or Hub) must have a unique IP address. IP addresses have the format n.n.n.n where n is a decimal number between 0 and 255. An example IP address is 192.168.100.8.

The IP address is split into two parts:
- The first part (‘192.168.100’ in the example) identifies the network on which the device resides
- The second part (‘.8’ in the example) identifies the device within the network

The natural subnet mask for this example is 255.255.255.0.

*If your network has a connection to the external IP network, that is, you access the Internet, you must apply for a registered IP address.*
How do you obtain a registered IP Address?

The IP registration system ensures that every IP address used is unique; if you do not have a registered IP address, you may be using an identical address to someone else and your network will not operate correctly.

InterNIC Registration Services is the organization responsible for supplying registered IP addresses. The following contact information is correct at time of publication:


If your IP network is internal to your organization only, that is, you do not access the Internet, you may use any arbitrary IP address as long as it is not being used by another device on your network. 3Com suggests you use addresses in the series 192.160.100.X (where X is a number between 1 and 254) with a subnet mask of 255.255.255.0. These suggested IP addresses are part of a group of IP addresses that have been set aside specially for use ‘in house’ only.

These suggested IP addresses are part of a group of IP addresses that have been set aside specially for use ‘in house’ only.

Solving Software Upgrade Problems

You can upgrade the management software of the Switch by using the System > Control > Software Upgrade operation in the Web Interface, or the system control softwareUpgrade command in the command line interface. For details on these options, refer to the Management Interface Reference Guide supplied in HTML format on the CD-ROM that accompanies your Switch.

If you have problems with your software upgrade, refer to the Problem Solving section in the Management Interface Reference Guide.
SAFETY INFORMATION

You must read the following safety information before carrying out any installation or removal of components, or any maintenance procedures on the Switch 4400.

WARNING: Warnings contain directions that you must follow for your personal safety. Follow all directions carefully.
You must read the following safety information carefully before you install or remove the unit.

AVERTISSEMENT: Les avertissements présentent des consignes que vous devez respecter pour garantir votre sécurité personnelle. Vous devez respecter attentivement toutes les consignes.
Nous vous demandons de lire attentivement les consignes suivantes de sécurité avant d’installer ou de retirer l’appareil.

VORSICHT: Warnhinweise enthalten Anweisungen, die Sie zu Ihrer eigenen Sicherheit befolgen müssen. Alle Anweisungen sind sorgfältig zu befolgen.
Sie müssen die folgenden Sicherheitsinformationen sorgfältig durchlesen, bevor Sie das Gerät installieren oder ausbauen.
APPENDIX A: SAFETY INFORMATION

Important Safety Information

**WARNING:** Installation and removal of the unit must be carried out by qualified personnel only.

**WARNING:** If installing the Switch 4400 in a stack with SuperStack II or SuperStack 3 units that are narrower than the 4400, the Switch 4400 unit must be installed below the narrower units.

**WARNING:** The unit must be earthed (grounded).

**WARNING:** Connect the unit to an earthed power supply to ensure compliance with safety standards.

**WARNING:** Power Cord Set:
This must be approved for the country where it is used:

- **U.S.A. and Canada**
  - The cord set must be UL-approved and CSA certified.
  - The minimum specification for the flexible cord is: No. 18 AWG Type SV or SJ 3-conductor
  - The cord set must have a rated current capacity of at least 10A.
  - The attachment plug must be an earth-grounding type with a NEMA 5-15P (15A, 125V) or NEMA 6-15P (15A, 250V) configuration.

- **United Kingdom only**
  - The supply plug must comply with BS1363 (3-pin 13 amp) and be fitted with a 5A fuse which complies with BS1362.
  - The mains cord must be <HAR> or <BASEC> marked and be of type H03VVF3G0.75 (minimum).

- **Europe only:**
  - The supply plug must comply with CEE 7/7 (“SCHUKO”).
  - The mains cord must be <HAR> or <BASEC> marked and be of type H03VVF3G0.75 (minimum).

- **Denmark**
  - The supply plug must comply with section 107-2-D1, standard DK2-1a or DK2-5a.

- **Switzerland**
  - The supply plug must comply with SEV/ASE 1011.

**WARNING:** The appliance coupler (the connector to the unit and not the wall plug) must have a configuration for mating with an EN60320/IEC320 appliance inlet.
**WARNING:** The socket outlet must be near to the unit and easily accessible. You can only remove power from the unit by disconnecting the power cord from the outlet.

**WARNING:** This unit operates under SELV (Safety Extra Low Voltage) conditions according to IEC 950. The conditions are only maintained if the equipment to which it is connected also operates under SELV conditions.

**WARNING:** France and Peru only: This unit cannot be powered from IT* supplies. If your supplies are of IT type, this unit must be powered by 230V (2P+T) via an isolation transformer ratio 1:1, with the secondary connection point labelled Neutral, connected directly to earth (ground).

*Impédance à la terre.

**WARNING:** U.K. only: If connecting a modem to the console port of the Switch 4400, only use a modem which is suitable for connection to the telecommunications system.

**WARNING:** RJ-45 Ports. These are shielded RJ-45 data sockets. They cannot be used as standard traditional telephone sockets, or to connect the unit to a traditional PBX or public telephone network. Only connect RJ-45 data connectors, network telephony systems, or network telephones to these sockets.

Either shielded or unshielded data cables with shielded or unshielded jacks can be connected to these data sockets.

**WARNING:** When an Expansion Module is not installed ensure the blanking panel is fitted by tightening all screws with a suitable tool.

---

**L’information de Sécurité Importante**

**AVERTISSEMENT:** L’installation et la dépose de ce groupe doivent être confiées à un personnel qualifié.

**AVERTISSEMENT:** Si vous entassez l’unité Switch avec les unités SuperStack 3 Hub, l’unité Switch 4400 doit être installée en dessous des unités Hub plus étroites.
**AVERTISSEMENT**: Vous devez mettre l’appareil à la terre (à la masse) ce groupe.

**AVERTISSEMENT**: Brancher l’unité à une source de courant mise à la terre pour assurer la conformité aux normes de sécurité.

**AVERTISSEMENT**: Cordon électrique:

il doit être agréé ans le pays d’utilisation:

- **Etats-Unis et Canada**
  - Le cordon doit avoir reçu l’homologation des UL et un certificat de la CSA
  - Le cordon souple doit respecter, à titre minimum, les spécifications suivantes :
    - calibre 18 AWG
    - type SV ou SJ
    - à 3 conducteurs
  - Le cordon doit être en mesure d’acheminer un courant nominal d’au moins 10 A
  - La prise femelle de branchement doit être du type à mise à la terre (mise à la masse) et respecter la configuration NEMA 5-15P (15 A, 125 V) ou NEMA 6-15P (15 A, 250 V)

- **Danemark**
  - La prise mâle d’alimentation doit respecter la section 107-2 D1 de la norme DK2 1a ou DK2 5a

- **Europe**
  - La prise secteur doit être conforme aux normes CEE 7/7 ("SCHKO")
  - LE cordon secteur doit porter la mention <HAR> ou <BASEC> et doit être de type HO3VVF3GO.75 (minimum).

- **Suisse**
  - La prise mâle d’alimentation doit respecter la norme SEV/ASE 1011

**AVERTISSEMENT**: Le coupleur d’appareil (le connecteur du groupe et non pas la prise murale) doit respecter une configuration qui permet un branchement sur une entrée d’appareil EN60320/CEI 320.

**AVERTISSEMENT**: La prise secteur doit se trouver à proximité de l’appareil et son accès doit être facile. Vous ne pouvez mettre l’appareil hors circuit qu’en débranchant son cordon électrique au niveau de cette prise.

**AVERTISSEMENT**: L’appareil fonctionne à une tension extrêmement basse de sécurité qui est conforme à la norme CEI 950. Ces conditions ne sont maintenues que si l’équipement auquel il est raccordé fonctionne dans les mêmes conditions.
AVERTISSEMENT: France et Pérou uniquement:
Ce groupe ne peut pas être alimenté par un dispositif à impédance à la terre. Si vos alimentations sont du type impédance à la terre, ce groupe doit être alimenté par une tension de 230 V (2 P+T) par le biais d’un transformateur d’isolement à rapport 1:1, avec un point secondaire de connexion portant l’appellation Neutre et avec raccordement direct à la terre (masse).

Il est possible de raccorder des câbles protégés ou non protégés avec des jacks protégés ou non protégés à ces prises de données.

AVERTISSEMENT: Si le module d’expansion nest pas installé, veillez à bien installer la plaque d’obturation et serrez toutes les vis à l’aide d’un outil approprié.

Wichtige Sicherheitsinformationen

VORSICHT: Die Installation und der Ausbau des Geräts darf nur durch Fachpersonal erfolgen.

VORSICHT: Wenn die Switch 4400 Einheit in einer Stapel mit anderen SuperStack 3 Hub Einheiten eingebaut werden soll, muß die Switch 4400 Einheit unter die schmaleren Hub Einheiten eingebaut werden.

VORSICHT: Das Gerät muß geerdet sein.

VORSICHT: Das Gerät muß an eine geerdete Steckdose angeschlossen werden, die europäischen Sicherheitsnormen erfüllt.

VORSICHT: Der Anschlußkabelsatz muß mit den Bestimmungen des Landes übereinstimmen, in dem er verwendet werden soll.

VORSICHT: Der Gerätestecker (der Anschluß an das Gerät, nicht der Wändesteckdosenstecker) muß eine passende Konfiguration für einen Geräteeingang gemäß EN60320/IEC320 haben.

VORSICHT: Europe
- Das Netzkabel muß vom Typ HO3VV-F3G0.75 (Mindestanforderung) sein und die Aufschrift <HAR> oder <BASEC> tragen.
- Der Netzstecker muß die Norm CEE 7/17 erfüllen ("SCHUKO").

VORSICHT: Der Betrieb dieses Geräts erfolgt unter den SELV-Bedingungen (Sicherheitskleinstspannung) gemäß IEC 950. Diese Bedingungen sind nur gegeben, wenn auch die an das Gerät angeschlossenen Geräte unter SELV-Bedingungen betrieben werden.


Entweder geschützte oder ungeschützte Buchsen dürfen an diese Datensteckdosen angeschlossen werden.

VORSICHT: Ist kein Erweiterungsmodul installiert, überprüfen Sie bitte den Sitz der Stanzplatte, indem Sie alle Schrauben mit einem geeigneten Werkzeug anziehen.
**B**

**PIN-OUTS**

---

**Null Modem Cable**

9-pin to RS-232 25-pin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Switch 4400 Series</th>
<th>PC/Terminal</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cable connector: 9-pin female</td>
<td>25-pin male/female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screen 1</td>
<td>1 Screen</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TxD 3</td>
<td>3 RxD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RxD 2</td>
<td>2 TxD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground 5</td>
<td>7 Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RTS 7</td>
<td>4 RTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CTS 8</td>
<td>20 DTR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSR 6</td>
<td>5 CTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCD 1</td>
<td>6 DSR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DTR 4</td>
<td>8 DCD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

**PC-AT Serial Cable**

9-pin to 9-pin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Switch 4400 Series</th>
<th>PC-AT Serial Port</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cable connector: 9-pin female</td>
<td>9-pin female</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Screen 1</td>
<td>1 DCD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DTR 4</td>
<td>1 Shell</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TxD 3</td>
<td>2 RxD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RxD 2</td>
<td>3 TxD</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CTS 8</td>
<td>4 DTR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ground 5</td>
<td>5 Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DSR 6</td>
<td>6 DSR</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RTS 7</td>
<td>7 RTS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DCD 1</td>
<td>8 CTS</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Modem Cable

9-pin to RS-232 25-pin

Switch 4400 Series
Cable connector: 9-pin female

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Signal</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Transmit Data +</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data A+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Transmit Data +</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data A-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Receive Data +</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data C-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Receive Data –</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data B-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data D-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RS-232 Modem Port
Cable connector: 25-pin male

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Signal</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Screen</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>TxD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>RxD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>RTS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>CTS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>DSR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Ground</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>DCD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>DTR</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

RJ-45 Pin Assignments

Pin assignments are identical for 10BASE-TX and 100BASE-T RJ-45 connectors.

Table 11 Pin assignments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin Number</th>
<th>Signal</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ports configured as MDI</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Transmit Data +</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data A+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Transmit Data +</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data A-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Receive Data +</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data C-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Receive Data –</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data B-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data D-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Table 12  Pin assignments

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin Number</th>
<th>Signal</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Receive Data +</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data B+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Receive Data -</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data B-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Transmit Data +</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data A+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data A-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data D+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Transmit Data</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data D-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data C+</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Not assigned</td>
<td>Bidirectional Data C-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Ports configured as MDIX*
### Technical Specifications

#### Switch 4400 (24-port)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical Dimensions</th>
<th>Height: 44 mm (1.7 in.) x Width: 440 mm (17.3 in.) x Depth: 274 mm (10.8 in.)</th>
<th>Weight: 2.8 kg (6.2 lbs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### Environmental Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating Temperature</th>
<th>0 ° to 40 °C (32 ° to 104 °F)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Storage Temperature</td>
<td>-40 ° to +70 °C (-40 ° to 158 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating Humidity</td>
<td>10–95% relative humidity, non-condensing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Standards</td>
<td>EN60068 to 3Com schedule (Package testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, 2.30, and 2.32. Operational testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, 2.30 and 2.13).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Safety

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Agency Certifications</th>
<th>UL 1950, EN60950, CSA 22.2 No. 950, IEC 60950</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### EMC

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Emissions</th>
<th>CISPRR 22 Class A, EN55022 Class A, FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A, ICES-003 Class A, AS/NZS 3548 Class A, CNS 13438 Class A, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Immunity</td>
<td>EN 55024</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Heat Dissipation

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Heat Dissipation</th>
<th>75 watts maximum (1300 BTU/hour maximum)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

#### Power Supply

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AC Line Frequency</th>
<th>50/60 Hz</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Input Voltage Options</td>
<td>90–240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Rating</td>
<td>2.3 A (amp) (maximum)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# APPENDIX C: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

## Standards Supported

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standards Supported</th>
<th>SNMP</th>
<th>Terminal Emulation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SNMP protocol (RFC 1157)</td>
<td>Telnet (RFC 854)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MIB-II (RFC 1213)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bridge MIB (RFC 1493)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RMON MIB II (RFC 2021)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remote Monitoring MIB (RFC 1757)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MAU MIB (RFC 2239)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Protocols Used for Administration</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>UDP (RFC 768)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IP (RFC 791)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ICMP (RFC 792)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TCP (RFC 793)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ARP (RFC 826)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TFTP (RFC 783)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHCP (RFC 2131, RFC 2132, RFC 1534)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BOOTP (RFC 951, RFC 1497)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Switch 4400 (48-port)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical Dimensions</th>
<th>Height: 44 mm (1.7 in.) x Width: 440 mm (17.3 in.) x Depth: 274 mm (10.8 in.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Weight: 3.2 kg (7.1 lbs)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Environmental Requirements</th>
<th>Operating Temperature 0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to 104 °F)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Storage Temperature -40 °C to +70 °C (-40 °C to 158 °F)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Operating Humidity 10–95% relative humidity, non-condensing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Standards EN60068 to 3Com schedule (Package testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, 2.30, and 2.32, Operational testing: paras 2.1, 2.2, 2.30 and 2.13).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Safety                  | Agency Certifications UL60950, EN60950, CSA 22.2 No. 60950, IEC 60950 |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EMC</th>
<th>Emissions CISPR 22 Class A, EN55022 Class A, FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A, ICES-003 Class A, AS/NZS 3548 Class A, VCCI Class A, CNS 13438 Class A, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Immunity EN 55024</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Heat Dissipation        | 120 watts maximum (410 BTU/hour maximum) |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power Supply</th>
<th>AC Line Frequency 50/60 Hz</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Input Voltage Options 90–240 VAC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Current Rating 2.8 A (amps)(maximum)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Standards Supported</th>
<th>SNMP</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SNMP protocol (RFC 1157)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MIB-II (RFC 1213)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bridge MIB (RFC 1493)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>RMON MIB II (RFC 2021)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Remote Monitoring MIB (RFC 1757)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MAU MIB (RFC 2239)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Terminal Emulation      | Telnet (RFC 854)         |

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Protocols Used for Administration</th>
<th>UDP (RFC 768)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>IP (RFC 791)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ICMP (RFC 792)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TCP (RFC 793)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ARP (RFC 826)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TFTP (RFC 783)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>DHCP (RFC 2131, RFC 2132, RFC 1534)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>BOOTP (RFC 951, RFC 1497)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
APPENDIX C: TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS
3Com provides easy access to technical support information through a variety of services. This appendix describes these services.

Information contained in this appendix is correct at time of publication. For the most recent information, 3Com recommends that you access the 3Com Corporation World Wide Web site.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Online Technical Services</th>
<th>3Com offers worldwide product support 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, through the following online systems:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>World Wide Web site</td>
<td>■ World Wide Web site</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3Com Knowledgebase Web Services</td>
<td>■ 3Com Knowledgebase Web Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3Com FTP site</td>
<td>■ 3Com FTP site</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>World Wide Web Site</th>
<th>To access the latest networking information on the 3Com Corporation World Wide Web site, enter this URL into your Internet browser:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.3com.com/">http://www.3com.com/</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This service provides access to online support information such as technical documentation and software, as well as support options that range from technical education to maintenance and professional services.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>3Com Knowledgebase Web Services</th>
<th>The 3Com Knowledgebase is a database of technical information to help you install, upgrade, configure, or support 3Com products. The Knowledgebase is updated daily with technical information discovered by 3Com technical support engineers. This complimentary service, which is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to 3Com customers and partners, is located on the 3Com Corporation World Wide Web site at:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://knowledgebase.3com.com">http://knowledgebase.3com.com</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
3Com FTP Site

Download drivers, patches, software, and MIBs across the Internet from the 3Com public FTP site. This service is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

To connect to the 3Com FTP site, enter the following information into your FTP client:

- Hostname: ftp.3com.com
- Username: anonymous
- Password: <your Internet e-mail address>

You do not need a user name and password with Web browser software such as Netscape Navigator and Internet Explorer.

Support from Your Network Supplier

If you require additional assistance, contact your network supplier. Many suppliers are authorized 3Com service partners who are qualified to provide a variety of services, including network planning, installation, hardware maintenance, application training, and support services.

When you contact your network supplier for assistance, have the following information ready:

- Product model name, part number, and serial number
- A list of system hardware and software, including revision levels
- Diagnostic error messages
- Details about recent configuration changes, if applicable

If you are unable to contact your network supplier, see the following section on how to contact 3Com.

Support from 3Com

If you are unable to obtain assistance from the 3Com online technical resources or from your network supplier, 3Com offers technical telephone support services. To find out more about your support options, call the 3Com technical telephone support phone number at the location nearest you.

When you contact 3Com for assistance, have the following information ready:

- Product model name, part number, and serial number
■ A list of system hardware and software, including revision levels
■ Diagnostic error messages
■ Details about recent configuration changes, if applicable

Here is a list of worldwide technical telephone support numbers. These numbers are correct at the time of publication. Refer to the 3Com Web site for updated information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Telephone Number</th>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Telephone Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asia, Pacific Rim</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>1 800 678 515</td>
<td>P.R. of China</td>
<td>10800 61 00137 or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hong Kong</td>
<td>800 933 486</td>
<td></td>
<td>021 6350 1590 or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India</td>
<td>+61 2 9937 5085 or</td>
<td></td>
<td>00800 0638 3266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indonesia</td>
<td>000800 6501111</td>
<td>S. Korea</td>
<td>800 6161 463</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>03 5783 1270</td>
<td></td>
<td>00798 611 2230 or</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malaysia</td>
<td>1800 801 777</td>
<td>Taiwan, R.O.C.</td>
<td>00798 611 2230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>0800 446 398</td>
<td></td>
<td>0080 611 261</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pakistan</td>
<td>+61 2 9937 5083</td>
<td></td>
<td>001 800 611 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Philippines</td>
<td>1235 61 266 2602</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe, Middle East and Africa</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From anywhere in these regions, call:</td>
<td>+44 (0)1442 435529 phone</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>+44 (0)1442 432524 fax</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe and South Africa</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From the following countries, you may use the toll-free numbers;</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>0800 297468</td>
<td>Luxembourg</td>
<td>0800 3625</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>0800 71429</td>
<td>Netherlands</td>
<td>0800 0227788</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Denmark</td>
<td>800 17309</td>
<td>Norway</td>
<td>800 11376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finland</td>
<td>0800 113153</td>
<td>Poland</td>
<td>00800 3111206</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>0800 917959</td>
<td>Portugal</td>
<td>0800 831416</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>0800 1821502</td>
<td>South Africa</td>
<td>0800 995014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>06800 12813</td>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>900 983125</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ireland</td>
<td>1800 553117</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>020 795482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Israel</td>
<td>1800 9453794</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>0800 55 3072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>800 8 79489</td>
<td>U.K.</td>
<td>0800 966197</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latin America</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>0800 13 3266</td>
<td>Puerto Rico</td>
<td>800 666 5065</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td>01 800 849CARE</td>
<td>Central and South America</td>
<td>AT&amp;T +800 998 2112</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North America</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 800 NET 3Com</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enterprise Customers:</td>
<td>1 800 876-3266</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Returning Products for Repair

Before you send a product directly to 3Com for repair, you must first obtain an authorization number. Products sent to 3Com without authorization numbers will be returned to the sender unopened, at the sender’s expense.

To obtain an authorization number, call or fax:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Telephone Number</th>
<th>Fax Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Asia, Pacific Rim</td>
<td>+ 65 543 6500</td>
<td>+ 65 543 6348</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe, South Africa, and Middle East</td>
<td>+44 (0)1442 435529</td>
<td>+ 44 (0)1442 432524</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Central and South America</td>
<td>525 201 0075</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Argentina</td>
<td>0810 222 3266</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bolivia</td>
<td>511 241 1691</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>0800 133266 or 55 11 5643 2700</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Caribbean</td>
<td>525 201 0004</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chile</td>
<td>562 240 6200</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colombia</td>
<td>525 201 0004</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ecuador</td>
<td>525 201 0004</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td>525 201 0004</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paraguay</td>
<td>525 201 0004</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peru</td>
<td>511 241 1691</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Uruguay</td>
<td>525 201 0004</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Venezuela</td>
<td>525 201 0004</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

From the following countries, you may call the toll-free numbers; select option 2 and then option 2:

- Austria: 0800 297468
- Belgium: 0800 71429
- Denmark: 800 17309
- Finland: 0800 113153
- France: 0800 917959
- Germany: 0800 1821502
- Hungary: 00800 12813
- Ireland: 1800553117
- Israel: 1800 9453794
- Italy: 1678 79489
- Netherlands: 0800 0227788
- Norway: 800 11376
- Poland: 00800 3111206
- Portugal: 0800 831416
- South Africa: 0800 995014
- Spain: 900 983125
- Sweden: 020 795482
- Switzerland: 0800 55 3072
- U.K.: 0800 966197
## Returning Products for Repair

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Telephone Number</th>
<th>Fax Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S.A. and Canada</td>
<td>1 800 NET 3Com (1 800 638 3266)</td>
<td>1 408 326 7120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Enterprise Customers:</td>
<td>(not toll-free)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 800 876 3266</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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**FCC Statement**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference to radio communications, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at their own expense.

**Information To The User**

If this equipment does cause interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient the receiving antenna.
- Relocate the equipment with respect to the receiver.
- Move the equipment away from the receiver.
- Plug the equipment into a different outlet so that equipment and receiver are on different branch circuits.

If necessary, the user should consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for additional suggestions. The user may find the following booklet prepared by the Federal Communications Commission helpful:

*How to Identify and Resolve Radio-TV Interference Problems*

This booklet is available from the U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402, Stock No. 004-000-00345-4.

In order to meet FCC emissions limits, this equipment must be used only with cables which comply with IEEE 802.3.

**CSA Statement**

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Règlement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

**CE Statement (Europe)**


Warning: This is a class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

**VCCI Statement**

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスA情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用すると電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。

**BSMI Statement**

警告使用者：這是甲類的資訊產品，在居住的環境中使用時，可能會造成射頻干擾，對此環境使用者應加以注意。